INTREPID COLLEGE PREP

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2019

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP

Table of Contents

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
INTRODUCTORY SECTION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Ryan Holt	Board Chairman
Tizgel High	Vice Chairwoman
Mary Cypress Howell	Secretary
Todd Jones	Treasurer
John Barton	Director
Shan Foster	Director
Tom Frye	Director
Crews Johnston, III	Director
Maria Ornelas	Director

LEADERSHIP TEAM

Abigail Rockey	CEO
Amber Turner	Chief Schools Officer
Lizzie Stewart	Principal of Independence Academy

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Intrepid College Prep
Antioch, Tennessee

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Intrepid College Prep (the "School"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Intrepid College Prep as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position for the year ended June 30, 2019, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 - 9 and the schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) and schedule of employer contributions on pages 44 - 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Intrepid College Prep's basic financial statements. The introductory section, schedule of changes in long-term debt by individual issue, and combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of Tennessee Comptroller of the Treasury's *Audit Manual for Local Governmental Units and Other Schools* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of changes in long-term debt by individual issue, combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of changes in long-term debt by individual issue, combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2020, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crosslin, PLLC

Nashville, Tennessee
March 31, 2020

Our discussion and analysis of Intrepid College Prep's annual financial performance provides an overview of the School's financial activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. This section should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the School exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by $980,220.
- Net position decreased $394,638 during the period.
- Total revenues of $7,446,107 were comprised of Federal and State Pass-through Funds- 9%, District Funds- 79%, and Charitable Giving/Other- 12%.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This financial report consists of a series of financial statements, notes to those statements, required supplementary information and supplementary information. The statements are organized so that the reader can understand the School as a whole and then proceed to a detailed look at specific financial activities of the School.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities:

In general, users of these financial statements want to know if the School is better off or worse off as a result of the period's activities. The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information about the School as a whole and about the School's activities in a manner that helps to answer that question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, all of the current period's revenue and expenses are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid. The statements start on page 10.

The Statement of Net Position reports the School's net position (total assets and deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources). Private sector entities would report retained earnings. The School's net position balance at period end represents available resources for future growth. The Statement of Activities reports the change in net position as a result of activity during the period. Private sector entities have a similar report titled statement of operations, which reports net income. It provides the user a tool to assist in determining the direction of the School's financial health during the period. Users will want to consider non-financial factors as well as the financial data in arriving at a conclusion regarding the overall health of the School.

REPORTING THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements:

The School's fund financial statements, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, begin on page 12. They provide detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. Funds are established by the School to help manage money for particular purposes and compliance with various donor and grant provisions.

The School's funds are categorized as "governmental funds." Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances left at period-end that are available for spending in future periods. Fund financial statements are reported using an accounting method called "modified accrual" accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. This basis of accounting is different from the accrual basis used in the school wide financial statements to report on the School as a whole. The relationship between governmental activities, as reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, and governmental funds, as reported in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances is reconciled in the basic financial statements on pages 13 and 15.

SCHOOL WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position:

The School's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded the School's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the year, resulting in net position of $980,220. The School's net position includes $376,305 of cash. The cash is available to meet the School's ongoing activities.

As of June 30, 2019, the School had invested $1,094,905 in capital assets. This investment includes building and improvements for instructional purposes and instructional and support furniture. Additional information on property and equipment is located in Note C to the financial statements. The School expects additional capital asset purchases in the 2019-2020 school year as student enrollment increases.

The School has debt in the amount of $497,110. This debt was used to fund certain capital purchases and improvements. See Note D to the financial statements for further information.

A schedule of the School's net position as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, is as follows:

	2019	2018
Current assets	$ 581,826	$1,214,068
Noncurrent assets	1,216,762	1,056,777
Total assets	1,798,588	2,270,845
Deferred outflows of resources	351,123	262,032
Current liabilities	366,482	455,453
Noncurrent liabilities	501,792	446,280
Total liabilities	868,274	901,733
Deferred inflows of resources	301,217	256,286
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	597,795	412,694
Unrestricted	382,425	962,164
Total net position	$ 980,220	$1,374,858

The School's total net position decreased $394,638 during the year. The decrease in the School's net position indicates that the School had less incoming revenues than outgoing expenses during the year.

Total revenues for fiscal year 2019 were $7,446,107, an increase of $1,173,588 when compared to fiscal year 2018. Revenues generated from government grants and district funding were $6,531,042 during the year, an increase of $856,965 when compared to 2018. The increase is primarily due to an increased enrollment with the addition of a 10th grade in 2019. Contributions from individuals and organizations of $703,564 increased by $158,440 during 2019. Total expenses were $7,840,745 in 2019, an increase of $1,916,153 also related to the addition of another grade in fiscal year 2019.

The decrease in net position of $394,638 in 2019 is $742,566 less than the increase in net position of $347,928 in 2018. Total revenue increased by approximately 19% as expenses increased approximately 32%. Total revenues increased at a slower rate due to decreased federal funding.

A schedule of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, is as follows. The schedule is for the School as a whole, not for the governmental funds.

	2019	2018
Revenues:		
District funding	$ 5,898,013	$4,936,771
Federal and state grants	633,029	727,306
Contributions	703,564	545,124
Other	211,501	53,318
Total revenues	7,446,107	6,272,519
Expenses:		
Employee compensation	3,793,932	2,853,019
Occupancy	1,236,447	969,288
Transportation	501,545	348,241
Depreciation	309,469	314,174
Insurance	39,630	58,530
Office expense	194,326	155,679
Interest	25,668	30,828
Instructional	344,273	183,649
Professional services and fees	636,068	413,744
Food services	416,401	350,166
School development	191,378	183,972
Other expenses	151,608	63,301
Total expenses	7,840,745	5,924,591
Change in net position	$(394,638)	$ 347,928

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

The School's funds, as presented on the balance sheet on page 12 reported a combined fund balance of $392,103. The majority of the School's total funds are in the General Fund, which is the chief operating fund of the School. The School has one other major fund consisting of the Federal and State Grants Fund, and one nonmajor fund consisting of the Restricted Contributions Fund.

Due to different basis of accounting, there is a difference between the amounts reported under the School's funds and the amounts reported as school wide. For the June 30, 2019 year end, the differences consist of capital assets, pension amounts, and debt, which are not reported in the School's funds.

SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

Intrepid College Preparatory Charter School (the "School") is a high performing charter school educating students in Nashville's lowest income and most educationally underserved communities in Southeast Nashville. Our mission is to equip all students in grades five through twelve with the academic foundation, financial literacy, and ethical development necessary to excel in selective colleges, earn professional opportunities, and demonstrate positive leadership.

The School currently serves approximately 712 students in grades five through eleven in middle and high school. Per 2018 TN Ready results, Intrepid ranked #1 among open enrollment schools in HS Math and HS ELA. Intrepid was named a TN Reward School for academic achievement, student growth, ELL proficiency and low rates of chronic absenteeism.

Now in its seventh year, the School has become a proof point in Southeast Nashville that demographics do not equal destiny. Over ninety percent of the School's students are zoned to under-performing neighborhood middle schools. Seventy-nine percent of the school's students are economically disadvantaged. Sixty-seven percent speak a language at home other than English. The School is honored to provide a college preparatory education in the Antioch community. The School's students must - and do - make significant academic growth each year, and outperform neighborhood schools as well as city and state averages on standardized tests.

Comparative English TN Ready Pass Rates in 18-19			
	Intrepid	**MNPS**	**State of TN**
Opportunity Academy	26.8%	25.9%	33.7%
Independence Academy	42.5%	26.40%	37.7%

Comparative Math TN Ready Pass Rates in 18-19			
	Intrepid	**MNPS**	**State of TN**
Opportunity Academy	32.6%	29.9%	40.8%
Independence Academy	43%	13.4%	30%

CONTACTING THE SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide transparency and accountability to all stakeholders and interested parties in the financial management and sustainability of Intrepid College Prep. For questions about this report or additional financial information, contract the School's CEO, Abigail Rockey, by telephone at (215) 285-4622 or by email to arockey@intrepidcollegeprep.org.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 376,305
Accounts receivable	35,000
Grants receivable	126,246
Prepaids	44,275
Capital assets, net	1,094,905
Net pension asset	78,405
Restricted asset:	
TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust	43,452
Total assets	1,798,588
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	351,123
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	233,175
Long-term debt, payable within one year	133,307
Long-term debt, payable in more than one year	363,803
Net pension liability	137,989
Total liabilities	868,274
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	301,217
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	597,795
Restricted	120,000
Unrestricted	262,425
Total net position	$ 980,220

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Functions	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	Total	Student Instruction and Services	Administration
EXPENSES			
Instructional	$ 344,273	$ 344,273	$ -
Occupancy	1,236,447	1,050,980	185,467
Office	194,326	-	194,326
Other	151,608	115,519	36,089
Organizational development	191,378	163,032	28,346
Professional services and fees	636,068	396,481	239,587
Employee compensation	3,793,932	2,797,450	996,482
Food services	416,401	416,401	-
Insurance	39,630	-	39,630
Interest	25,668	-	25,668
Transportation	501,545	501,545	-
Depreciation	309,469	263,049	46,420
Total expenses	7,840,745	6,048,730	1,792,015
PROGRAM REVENUES			
Operating grants and contributions	417,029	417,029	-
Capital grants and contributions	216,000	216,000	-
Net program expenses	7,207,716	$ 5,415,701	$ 1,792,015
GENERAL REVENUES			
District funding	5,898,013		
Contributions	703,564		
Other income	211,501		
Total general revenues	6,813,078		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(394,638)		
NET POSITION, June 30, 2018	1,374,858		
NET POSITION, June 30, 2019	$ 980,220		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2019

	General Purpose School Fund	Federal and State Grants Fund	Nonmajor Govermental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 256,305	$ -	$ 120,000	$ 376,305
Receivables	35,000	126,246	-	161,246
Due from other funds	126,246	-	-	126,246
Prepaids	44,275	-	-	44,275
Restricted asset:				
TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust	43,452	-	-	43,452
Total assets	$ 505,278	$ 126,246	$ 120,000	$ 751,524
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	$ 187,763	$ -	$ -	$ 187,763
Accrued expenditures	45,412	-	-	45,412
Due to other funds	-	126,246	-	126,246
Total liabilities	233,175	126,246	-	359,421
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	44,275	-	-	44,275
Restricted	-	-	120,000	120,000
Unassigned	227,828	-	-	227,828
Total fund balances	272,103	-	120,000	392,103
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 505,278	$ 126,246	$ 120,000	$ 751,524

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED
JUNE 30, 2019

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:

Total governmental fund balances	$ 392,103
Capital assets not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet	1,094,905
Pension amounts not reported in the govermental funds balance sheet:	
Net pension asset	78,405
Net pension liability	(137,989)
Deferred outflows of resources for pensions	351,123
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(301,217)
Long-term debt not reported in the govermental funds balance sheet	(497,110)
Net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position	$ 980,220

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Purpose School Fund	Federal and State Grants Fund	Nonmajor Govermental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Contributions	$ 418,564	$ -	$ 285,000	$ 703,564
District funding	5,898,013	-	-	5,898,013
Federal and state grants	-	633,029	-	633,029
Other income	211,501	-	-	211,501
Total revenues	6,528,078	633,029	285,000	7,446,107
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instructional	344,273	-	-	344,273
Occupancy	1,236,447	-	-	1,236,447
Office	194,326	-	-	194,326
Other	151,608	-	-	151,608
Organizational development	191,378	-	-	191,378
Professional services and fees	636,068	-	-	636,068
Employee compensation	3,429,236	192,722	165,000	3,786,958
Food services	192,094	224,307	-	416,401
Insurance	39,630	-	-	39,630
Transportation	501,545	-	-	501,545
Debt service:				
Principal payments	208,712	-	-	208,712
Interest	25,668	-	-	25,668
Capital outlay	178,597	216,000	-	394,597
Total expenditures	7,329,582	633,029	165,000	8,127,611
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Issuance of debt	108,739	-	-	108,739
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(692,765)	-	120,000	(572,765)
FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2018	964,868	-	-	964,868
FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2019	$ 272,103	$ -	$ 120,000	$ 392,103

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - CONTINUED
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

RECONCILIATION OF NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES:

Net change in fund balances as reported in the governmental funds statements	$ (572,765)
Amounts reported as expenditures in the governmental funds not included as expenses in the school-wide statements:	
Capital outlays	394,597
Issuance of debt recorded as revenue in the governmental funds, but reflected as long-term debt in the school-wide statements	(108,739)
Principal payments on debt recorded as expense in the govermental funds, but reflected as long-term debt in the school-wide statements	208,712
Expenses in the school-wide statements not included in the governmental funds:	
Depreciation expense	(309,469)
Expenditures for pensions in the govermental funds consists of contributions made, whereas in the government-wide statement, pension expense is calculated in accordance with GASB No. 68	(6,974)
Change in net position of governmental activities	$ (394,638)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of the Organization

Intrepid College Prep (the "School") is a not for profit organization organized under the laws of the State of Tennessee, with an exemption from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Pursuit to Section 6(1)(a) of the Tennessee Public Charter School Act of 2002 (the "Act"), the School has been approved as a public charter school. Pursuant to the Act, public charter schools are part of the State's public education program offering an alternative means with the public school system for accomplishing necessary outcomes of education. The School entered into a Charter School Agreement with the Metropolitan Nashville Board of Education to operate a charter school in Nashville, Tennessee. The School began classes in August 2013 with a fifth grade class and intends to add an additional grade each year culminating with the addition of a twelfth grade in the 2020-2021 fiscal year. The mission of the School is to prepare every scholar for success in selected colleges and financial discipline in adulthood.

Basic Financial Statements

School-wide financial statements

The school-wide financial statements focus on the sustainability of the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current period's activities. In the school-wide statement of net position, amounts are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as any long-term debt and obligations. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the School at period end.

When applicable, the School's net position is reported in three categories - net investment in capital assets; net position - restricted; and net position - unrestricted. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the School's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The school-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of the School's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (general revenues are primarily made up of district Basic Education Program ("BEP") funding and donations to the General Purpose School Fund). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses by related function revenues, including operating grants and contributions and capital grants and contributions. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. The net costs by function are normally covered by general revenue.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund financial statements

The financial transactions of the School are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balance, revenues and expenditures.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. When applicable, nonmajor funds by category are summarized in a single column. Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The School reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Purpose School Fund is the School's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Federal and State Grants Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of federal and state grants where unused balances, if any, are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

The focus of the governmental funds is upon the determination of financial resources, their balance, sources and use, rather than upon net income. The School classifies governmental fund balances as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned based on the level of constraints on the fund balances. When an expenditure is incurred in which both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for use, it is the School's policy to spend restricted funds first, then unrestricted funds. When an expenditure has been incurred for purposes in which multiple categories of unrestricted funds are available, it is the School's policy to spend funds in the following order: committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned funds. The classifications of fund balances are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - This classification consists of fund balances that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, for example, noncash amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash, or the funds are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This classification consists of fund balances with external constraints on use imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Committed - This classification consists of fund balances that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of the School's Board of Directors, its highest level of decision making authority. Such commitments should include contractual obligations of fund assets. Fund balance commitments can only be removed by the same process of the same body employed to previously commit those amounts.

Assigned - This classification consists of all fund balances that are not in the General Purpose School Fund or classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. In addition, General Purpose School Fund balances that the School intends to use for specific purposes are also classified as assigned. The School gives the authority to assign amounts to specific purposes to the School's accountant and personnel under the supervision of the accountant tasked with financial recording responsibilities.

Unassigned - This classification consists of all fund balances in the General Purpose School Fund that are not reported as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

Basis of Accounting

The School's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the GASB. The School is considered a special purpose governmental entity engaged in governmental type activities and is not a component unit of another governmental entity. Therefore, the financial statements are prepared in the same manner as general purpose governments.

The School's basic financial statements include both school-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major funds). The School's primary activities are all considered to be governmental activities and are classified as such in the school-wide and fund financial statements.

The school-wide financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues under the modified accrual basis are recognized when measurable and available and expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after the end of the period.

Since the governmental funds financial statements are presented on a different basis than the school-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided immediately following each fund statement. These reconciliations briefly explain the adjustments necessary to convert the fund financial statements into the school-wide financial statements.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include the useful lives of property and equipment.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School considers deposits that can be redeemed on demand and investments that have original maturities of less than three months, when purchased, to be cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2019, the School's cash and cash equivalents were deposited with a financial institution. The School may, from time to time, maintain deposit balances in excess of federally insured limits. See Note B.

Receivables

Receivables represent amounts due from grants or funding which have been approved but not received or amounts due from vendors. All receivables are reported at estimated collectible amounts.

Capital Assets

On the school-wide financial statements, property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost, if purchased, or the fair value on the date received, if donated. The cost of routine maintenance and repairs is expensed as incurred. Initial individual expenditures generally exceeding $5,000, which materially extend the economic lives, change capacities or improve the efficiency of the related assets are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is included in the statement of activities. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from 5 to 10 years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the life of the lease or estimated useful life, whichever is shorter.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the respective governmental fund upon acquisition.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School reports the following deferred outflow of resources relating to the pensions: Contributions made subsequent to the pension measurement date, difference between expected and actual experience, difference between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in assumptions, and changes in proportion of the net pension liability.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School reports the following deferred inflow of resources relating to pensions: Differences between expected and actual experience and differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and changes in proportion of net pension liability.

Income Taxes

The School is a not-for-profit school that is exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code, classified by the Internal Revenue Service as other than a private foundation and is similarly exempt from state income taxes. The School accounts for the effect of any uncertain tax positions based on a more likely than not threshold to the recognition of the tax positions being sustained based on the technical merits of the position under examination by the applicable taxing authority. If a tax position or positions are deemed to result in uncertainties of those positions, the unrecognized tax benefit is estimated based on a cumulative probability assessment that aggregates the estimated tax liability for all uncertain tax positions. Tax positions for the School include, but are not limited to, the tax-exempt status and determination of whether income is subject to unrelated business income tax; however, the School has determined that such tax positions do not result in an uncertainty requiring recognition.

Grants

The School receives awards and financial assistance through federal, state, local and private agencies. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Purpose School Fund or Federal and State Grants Fund. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments. The fair value of long-term debt approximates carrying value as interest approximates market rates.

Interfund Balances

Transactions which constitute reimbursement of expenditures initially made from a fund, which are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures, as appropriate, in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

Interfund balance of $126,246 between the General Purpose School Fund and the Federal and State Grants Fund represents grant expenditures made by the General Purpose School Fund in advance of grant receipts by the Federal and State Grants Funds.

Commitments Contingencies and Risk Management

The School is exposed to various risk of loss relating to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors or commissions; illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The School carries insurance for certain risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The School may become subject to various claims and legal actions, which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, in consultation with legal counsel, the ultimate resolution of such matters will not have a material adverse effect on the School's financial position or results of operations, as of the date of these financial statements.

Continuing Activities

The School is dependent on certain significant contracts and grants for its continued operations. These contracts and grants are from state, local and other sources and are subject to the School's ability to fulfill the contract and grant requirements. Additionally, the School's receipt of such contracts and grants may also be contingent upon its ability to maintain certain financial condition, cash flows, level of operations, payment of liabilities, and test scores and academic standards. If a grantor agency finds that the School is not meeting these requirements, the agency may not provide continuing funding, which would have a material adverse impact on the School's ability to continue its operations.

B. DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

The School's policies limit deposits to those instruments allowed by applicable state laws. Deposits must be collateralized by federal depository insurance, by the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool, by collateral held by the School's agent in their name, or by the Federal Reserve Banks acting as third party agents. As of June 30, 2019, all bank deposits were fully collateralized or insured by institutions insured by the FDIC or with banks who participate in the Tennessee Bank Collateral Pool.

C. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for governmental activities for the period was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions/ Transfers in	Retirements/ Transfers out	Balance June 30, 2019
Nondepreciable:				
Construction in progress	$ 27,613	$ -	$ 27,613	$ -
Depreciable:				
Leasehold improvements	$ 1,312,681	$ 192,921	$ -	$ 1,505,602
Equipment	233,761	175,678	-	409,439
Furniture and fixtures	276,206	53,611	-	329,817
Total depreciable capital assets	1,822,648	422,210	-	2,244,858
Accumulated depreciation	(840,484)	(309,469)	-	(1,149,953)
Capital assets, net	$ 1,009,777	$ 112,741	$27,613	$ 1,094,905

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Student instruction and services	$263,049
Administration	46,420
	$309,469

D. NOTES PAYABLE

In March 2013, the School entered into a $250,000 revolving line of credit arrangement with a bank to fund the build out of the School. The related note payable is collateralized by substantially all the assets and contributions of the School. In February 2016, the School amended the revolving line of credit to reduce the principal amount available to $100,000, and extend the maturity date to February 24, 2019. The note accrues interest at a variable rate based on prime rate plus 0.25% (rate was 5.75% at June 30, 2019). Interest payments are due monthly with the remaining principal and accrued interest due upon maturity. The note was paid in full in February 2019. In August 2019, the School amended the note to increase the principal amount to $500,000 and extend the maturity date to August 24, 2020. The School drew down the maximum principal amount of $500,000 at the time the agreement was amended.

In February 2016, the School entered into a $260,426 revolving line of credit arrangement with a bank to fund the expansion of the School. Notes payable under the line of credit are collateralized by substantially all the assets and contributions of the School. The note has also been guaranteed by a donor of the School. The note accrues interest at a fixed rate of 4.5%. Payments of $3,631 are due monthly through maturity in March 2023. The balance of the note payable was $149,494 at June 30, 2019.

In February 2016, the School entered into a $362,745 revolving line of credit arrangement with a bank to fund the expansion of the School. Notes payable under the agreement are collateralized by substantially all the assets of the School. The note accrues interest at a fixed rate of 4.5%. Payments of $5,383 are due monthly through maturity in March 2023. The balance of the note payable was $220,353 at June 30, 2019.

In May 2018, the School entered into a $130,000 revolving line of credit arrangement with a bank to fund the expansion of the School. Notes payable under the agreement are collateralized by substantially all the assets of the School. The note accrues interest at a fixed rate of 5.25%. Only interest payments are due for the first six months based on any unpaid principal balance. Principal and interest payments of $1,975 are due monthly through maturity in May 2025. The balance of the note payable was $104,303 at June 30, 2019.

In July 2015, the School entered into a $100,000 promissory note payable with a foundation to purchase portable classrooms for the School. The note is not collateralized. The note accrues interest at a fixed rate of 3.00%. Monthly payments of $1,797 are due until maturity in July 2020. The balance of the note payable was $22,960 at June 30, 2019.

The notes payable agreements contain clauses whereas in the event of a default, the principal and outstanding interest of all outstanding obligations may be declared, and shall become, immediately due and payable as provided in the agreements. Proceeds from the sale of the collateral shall be used towards outstanding interest and principal.

D. NOTES PAYABLE - Continued

The following is a summary of changes in the School's long-term debt for governmental activities for the period ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance July 1, 2018	Additions	Payments	Balance June 30, 2019
Note payable - bank	$ 90,367	$ -	$ 90,367	$ -
Note payable - bank	185,350	-	35,856	149,494
Note payable - bank	273,573	-	53,220	220,353
Note payable - bank	5,983	108,739	10,419	104,303
Note payable - foundation	41,810	-	18,850	22,960
Total	$597,083	$108,739	$208,712	$497,110

A summary of annual principal and interest requirements follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Interest	Principal
2020	$20,162	$133,307
2021	14,469	119,239
2022	8,918	122,992
2023	3,245	98,205
2024	740	23,367
	$47,534	$497,110

E. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The facilities used to provide educational services for the middle school campus are provided under a lease arrangement with a local church. The lease is for a ten-year period ending on June 30, 2023, and includes an option to extend for two additional five-year periods. The lease arrangement requires the School to pay a minimum rent based on square footage, plus additional rent for operating expenses, common areas, and their portion of property taxes. In August 2017, the lease was amended to include additional space for expansion of the School.

Beginning in July 2015, the School was also obligated under a lease agreement for three modular classrooms located at the middle school with monthly payments totaling $1,125 for a three-year period ending on June 30, 2018.

E. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS - Continued

In April 2018, the School entered into an amended agreement for the three modular classrooms and added a fourth classroom to be used at the middle school campus. The agreement requires the School to make monthly payments totaling $1,500 for a five-year period ending May 30, 2023.

In January 2017, the School entered into an agreement to lease certain property in South Nashville for the high school campus. The high school opened in August 2017, at which time the School began making lease payments. The base annual rent shall increase by one percent per year starting in the third year of the lease. The School also agreed to pay a $100,000 developer's fee, which the School elected to finance as part of its lease payments. The fee will be paid in monthly installments equal to 1% of the lease payments, beginning in the third year of the lease until the fee is paid in full. The lease will expire in June 2027, at which time the School has the option to renew for two additional five-year periods. The agreement also includes an option to purchase the property at any time during the lease term at a price equal to the lessee's total project cost to improve the building less payments towards the development fee multiplied by 1.05.

The School's rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled $809,562.

The leases require rental payments through June 30, 2027, as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2020	$ 837,396
2021	851,903
2022	866,777
2023	785,734
2024	553,817
Thereafter	1,751,670
	$5,647,297

In April 2018, the School entered into an agreement with a local charter elementary school to sublease space at the high school campus for the 2018-2019 school year. The term of the sublease was for one year and concluded on June 30, 2019. The School recognized $174,906 in rental income for the year ended June 30, 2019.

F. CONCENTRATIONS

The School received approximately 79% of its funding for operations from MNPS based on the State of Tennessee's Basic Education Program ("BEP"). BEP funding is designated to schools based on student attendance. Gross BEP funding for the year ended June 30, 2019, was $5,898,013.

Outside fundraising for capital needs is on-going to supplement funding received from State BEP capital since the charter school agreement with MNPS does not include an allocation for capital expenditures.

G. PENSION PLANS

The School, similar to MNPS and all Tennessee Public Charter Schools in the MNPS System, participates in the following three defined benefit pension plans (collectively the "Pension Plans"):

Certificated Employees
Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System ("TCRS"):
Teachers Legacy Pension Plan
Teachers Retirement Plan (collectively the "TCRS Plans")

Non-Certificated Employees
Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee (the "Metropolitan Government"):
Metro Pension Plan of the Metropolitan Employees Benefit Trust (the "Metro Plan")

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Pension Plans and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS and the Metropolitan Government. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the Pension Plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

(I.) TCRS Plans
(A) General Information - TCRS Plans

G. PENSIONS - Continued

Description of the TCRS Plans

Teachers with membership in the TCRS before July 1, 2014, of the School are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by Local Education Agencies (LEAs) after June 30, 2014.

The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost- sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.state.tn.us/tcrs/.

Benefits Provided

Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly.

Teachers Legacy Pension Plan

Members of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

Teachers Retirement Plan

Members of the Teacher Retirement Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 and vested pursuant to the rule of 80. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the July 2 of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Under the Teachers Legacy Pension Plan and Teachers Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLAs, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

Contributions

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly (or by automatic cost controls set out in law for the Teachers Retirement Plan). Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The Local Education Agencies (LEAs) make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

Teachers Legacy Pension Plan

Employer contributions by the School for the year ended June 30, 2019, to the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan were $11,558 which is 10.46 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

Teachers Retirement Plan

Per the statutory provisions governing the TCRS, the employer contribution rate cannot be less than 4 percent, except for in years when the maximum funded level, as approved by the TCRS Board of Trustees, is reached. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 to the Teacher Retirement Plan were $35,309 which is 1.94 percent of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability.

(B) Pension Liabilities (Assets) - TCRS Plans

Pension Liability (Asset)

Teachers Legacy Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the School reported an asset of ($9,181) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the School's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEA's. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the School's proportion was 0.002609 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 was 0.006707 percent.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

Teachers Retirement Plan

At June 30, 2019, the School reported an asset of ($69,224) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial value as of that date. The School's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating LEA's. At the measurement date of June 30, 2018, the School's proportion was 0.152631 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 was 0.169820 percent.

Actuarial Assumptions

Teachers Legacy Pension Plan and Teachers Retirement Plan

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	Graded salary ranges from 8.72 to 3.44 percent based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00 percent
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of living adjustment	2.25 percent

Mortality rates are customized based on actuarial experience including an adjustment for some anticipated improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns were used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5 percent. The best estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	5.69%	31%
Developed market international equity	5.29%	14%
Emerging market international equity	6.36%	4%
Private equity and strategic lending	5.79%	20%
U.S. fixed income	2.01%	20%
Real estate	4.39%	10%
Short-term securities	0.00%	1%
		100%

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25 percent based on a blending of the factors described above.

Discount Rate

Teachers Legacy Pension Plan and Teachers Retirement Plan

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from all the LEAs will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

II. Metro Plan

(A) General Information - Metro Plan

Plan Description

The Metro Plan is established under the authority of the Metropolitan Charter, Article XIII. Approval of the Metropolitan Council is required to establish and amend benefit provisions. Article XIII also required that the pension plan be actuarially sound. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through plan assets. The plan is managed by the Metropolitan Employee Benefit Board, an independent board, created by the Metropolitan Charter. The Board is composed of ten members as follows: Finance Director, Human Resources Director, three members appointed by the Mayor, and five members selected by the employees and retirees of the Metropolitan Government. Additional information about the Metro Plan can be found in the publicly available comprehensive annual financial report of the Metropolitan Government. That report may be obtained at www.nashville.gov.

Benefits Provided

As of July 1, 1995, Division B of the Metro Plan was established for all non-certificated employees of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools, including charter schools, and all other Metro Government employees. Employees with an effective hire date of July 1, 1995, or later are only eligible to participate in Division B of the Metro Plan.

Normal retirement for the School's employees participating in the Metro Plan occurs at the unreduced retirement age which is the earlier of (a) the date when the employee's age plus the completed years of credited service equals 85, but not before age 60; or (b) the date when the employee reaches age 65 and completes 5 years of credited employee service. The lifetime monthly benefit is calculated as 1/12 of the sum of 1.75 percent of average earnings based upon the previous 60 consecutive months of credit service which produce the highest earnings. Benefits fully vest on completing 5 years of service for employees employed on or between October 1, 2001, and December 31, 2012, who vest before leaving employment. Benefits fully vest on completing 10 years of service for employees and non-vested employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 2013. An early retirement option, with reduced benefits, is available for retired employees if the termination occurs prior to the eligibility under normal retirement but after age 50 and after the completion of 10 years of credited employee service.

All assets of the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust Fund may legally be used to pay benefit to any plan members or beneficiaries.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

Contributions

The funding policy is to provide for periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates that are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. All funding is provided under an actuarially recommended employee contribution rate of 12.340 percent for the non-certificated employees of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools, including charter schools, and all other Metropolitan Government Employees. Contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2019 were $86,991.

(B) Pension Liabilities - Metro Plan

Pension Liability

The School reported a liability of $137,989 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. The School's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School's employee contributions to the pension plan during the year ended June 30, 2019, relative to all contributions for 2019. At the June 30, 2019, measurement date, the School's proportionate share was 0.112621 percent. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 was 0.0191124 percent.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. Actuarial assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases	4.0 percent
Investment rate of return	7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
Cost-of living adjustment	1.25 percent

Mortality rates were based on the 115% RP-2014 Blue Collar Table, as determined by the period actuarial experience study. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2012 to 2017.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established in conjunction with the most recent actuarial experience study completed February 20, 2018, by considering the following three techniques: (1) the 20-year historical return of the Metro Open Plan at June 30, 2017, (2) the historical market returns of asset classes from 1926 to 2017, and (3) capital market projections that were utilized as a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The blended capital market projection established the long-timer expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding inflation of 2.5 percent. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation
U.S. equity	5.1%	10 - 25%
International equity	5.3%	10 - 25%
Equity hedge	7.9%	0 - 10%
Core plus fixed income	2.3%	5 - 25%
Fixed income alternatives	2.7%	5 - 25%
Real estate	4.9%	5 - 15%
Private equity	7.9%	5 - 15%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. Based on the Metro Plan assumptions and funding policy, the fiduciary net position for the plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

I. Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - Pension Plans

Pension Liabilities (Assets)

The School reports the following net pension liability (asset) as of June 30, 2019:

Metro Plan	$ 137,989
Net pension liability	$ 137,989
TCRS Legacy Plan	$(9,181)
TCRS Retirement Plan	(69,224)
Net pension (asset)	$(78,405)

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25)%	Current Discount Rate (7.25)%	1% Increase (8.25)%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset):			
TCRS Legacy Plan	$ 70,772	$(9,181)	$(75,331)
TCRS Retirement Plan	10,702	(69,224)	(128,108)
Metro Plan	(506,850)	137,989	281,623
Total	$(425,376)	$ 59,584	$ 78,184

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Pension Plans' respective fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS and Metropolitan Government financial reports.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School recognized pension expense (negative pension expense) as follows:

TCRS Legacy Plan	$(13,618)
TCRS Retirement Plan	(11,304)
Metro Plan	31,896
Pension expense	$ 6,974

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2019, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience		
TCRS Legacy Plan	$ 1,856	$ 12,386
TCRS Retirement Plan	3,921	2,757
Metro Plan	65,331	64,770
Changes in assumptions		
TCRS Legacy Plan	5,422	-
TCRS Retirement Plan	3,266	-
Metro Plan	87,799	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		
TCRS Legacy Plan	-	1,998
TCRS Retirement Plan	-	3,910
Metro Plan	-	167,376

G. PENSIONS - Continued

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes in proportion of net pension liability (asset)		
TCRS Legacy Plan	36,413	46,301
TCRS Retirement Plan	4,766	1,719
Metro Plan	95,482	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 for TCRS Plans		
TCRS Legacy Plan	11,558	N/A
TCRS Retirement Plan	35,309	N/A
Totals	$351,123	$301,217

The School's employer contributions of $90,319 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a decrease in net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	TCRS Legacy Plan	TCRS Retirement Plan	Metro Plan	Total
2020	$ 2,479	$(250)	$(16,084)	$(13,855)
2021	(2,347)	(373)	(57,998)	(60,718)
2022	(13,486)	(930)	(10,333)	(24,749)
2023	(3,641)	91	15,702	12,152
2024	-	2,518	35,298	37,816
Thereafter	-	2,512	49,880	52,392

In the table above, positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Payable to the Pension Plans

At June 30, 2019, the School reported payables totaling $45,218, including $28,134, $15,590, and $1,494 for the outstanding amounts of required contributions owed to the Metro Plan, TCRS Retirement Plan, and TCRS Legacy Plan, respectively.

G. PENSIONS - Continued

Defined Contribution Plan

The TCRS Retirement Plan has a defined contribution component to the plan. Under the terms of the Plan for the defined contribution component, employees contribute 2% of their salaries to the plan, but are allowed an opt out feature. The School is required to contribute 5% of annual salaries to an individual employee account. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School recognized pension expense of $99,195 related to the defined contribution component of the Plan. Employees are immediately vested in the plan.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS - TCRS STABILIZATION RESERVE TRUST

Legal Provisions

The School is a member of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System ("TCRS") Stabilization Reserve Trust. The School has placed funds into the irrevocable trust as authorized by statute under Tennessee Code Annotated ("TCA"), Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the trust. Funds of trust members are held and invested in the name of the trust for the benefit of each member. Each member's funds are restricted for the payment of retirement benefits of that member's employees. Trust funds are not subject to the claims of general creditors of the School.

The Trust is authorized to make investments as directed by the TCRS Board of Trustees. The School may not impose any restrictions on investments placed by the trust on their behalf.

Investment Balances

Assets of the TCRS, including the Stabilization Reserve Trust, are invested in the Tennessee Retiree Group Trust ("TRGT"). The TRGT is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company. The State of Tennessee has not obtained a credit quality rating for the TRGT from a nationally recognized credit ratings agency. The fair value of investment positions in the TRGT is determined daily based on the fair value of the pool's underlying portfolio. Furthermore, TCRS had not obtained or provided any legally binding guarantees to support the value of participant shares during the fiscal year. There are no restrictions on the sale or redemption of shares.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS - TCRS STABILIZATION RESERVE TRUST - Continued

Investments are reported at fair value or amortized which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of the investments. Securities and securities transactions are recorded in the financial statements on a trade-date basis. The fair value of assets of the TRGT held at June 30, 2019, represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets held are categorized for fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset and give the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date.

- Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; assets or liabilities that have a bid-ask spread price in an inactive dealer market, brokered market and principal-to-principal market; and Level 1 assets or liabilities that are adjusted.

- Level 3 - Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable

Investments using the Net Asset Value (“NAV”) per share have no readily determinable fair value and have been determined using amortized cost which approximates fair value.

Where inputs used in the measurement of fair value fall into different levels of the hierarchy, fair value of the instrument in its entirety is categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. This assessment requires professional judgement and as such management of the TRGT developed a fair value committee that worked in conjunction with the plan’s custodian and investment professionals to make these valuations. All assets held were valued individually and aggregated into classes and are represented in the table on the next page.

Short-term securities generally include investments in money market-type securities reported at cost plus accrued interest.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS - TCRS STABILIZATION RESERVE TRUST - Continued

Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities. Equity securities classified in Level 3 are valued with last trade data having limited trading volume.

US Treasury Bills, Bonds, Notes, and Futures classified in Level 1 are valued using last reported sales prices quoted in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Debt and debt derivative securities classified in Level 2 are valued using a bid-ask spread price from multiple independent brokers, dealers, or market principals, which are known to be actively involved in the market. Level 3 debt securities are valued using proprietary information, a single pricing source, or other unobservable inputs related to similar assets or liabilities.

Real estate investments classified in Level 3 are valued using the last valuations provided by external investment advisors or independent external appraisers. Generally, all direct real estate investments are appraised by a qualified independent appraiser(s) with the professional designation of Member of the Appraisal Institute ("MAI"), or its equivalent, every three (3) years beginning from the acquisition date of the property. The appraisals are performed using generally accepted valuation approaches applicable to the property type.

Investments in private mutual funds, traditional private equity funds, strategic lending funds and real estate funds that report using GAAP, the fair value, as well as the unfunded commitments, were determined using the prior quarter's NAV, as reported by the fund managers, plus the current cash flows. These assets were then categorized by investment strategy. In instances where the fund investment reported using non-GAAP standards, the investment was valued using the same method, but was classified in Level 3.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS - TCRS STABILIZATION RESERVE TRUST - Continued

At June 30, 2019, the School assets balance was $43,452 and had the following investments held by the trust on its behalf:

Investment	Weighted Average Maturity (days)	Maturities	Fair Value
Investments at Fair Value:			
U.S. Equity	N/A	N/A	$ 13,471
Developed Market International Equity	N/A	N/A	6,083
Emerging Market International Equity	N/A	N/A	1,738
U.S. Fixed Income	N/A	N/A	8,690
Real Estate	N/A	N/A	4,345
Short-term Securities	N/A	N/A	435
Investments at Amortized Cost using the NAV:			
Private Equity and Strategic Lending	N/A	N/A	8,690
Total			$ 43,452

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS - TCRS STABILIZATION RESERVE TRUST - Continued

Investments by Fair Value Level	Fair Value 6-30-19	Fair Value Measurements Using: Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Amortized Cost: NAV
U.S. Equity	$ 13,471	$ 13,471	$ -	$ -	$ -
Developed Market International Equity	6,083	6,083	-	-	-
Emerging Market International Equity	1,738	1,738	-	-	-
U.S. Fixed Income	8,690	-	8,690	-	-
Real Estate	4,345	-	-	4,345	-
Short-term Securities	435	-	435	-	-
Private Equity and Strategic Lending	8,690	-	-	-	8,690
Total	$ 43,452	21,292	9,125	4,345	8,690

Risks and Uncertainties

The trust's investments include various types of investment funds, which in turn invest in any combination of stock, bonds, and other investments exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and market risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported for trust investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School does not have the ability to limit trust investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

H. RESTRICTED ASSETS - TCRS STABILIZATION RESERVE TRUST - Continued

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School does not have the ability to limit the credit ratings of individual investments made by the trust.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the county's investment in a single issuer. The School places no limit on the amount the county may invest in one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the county will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Pursuant to the trust agreement, investments are held in the name of the trust for the benefit of the School to pay retirement benefits of the School's employees.

For further information concerning the School's investments with the TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust, audited financial statements of the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System may be obtained at https://comptroller.tn.gov/content/dam/cot/sa/advanced-search/disclaimer/2019/ag18092.pdf.

I. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The School has evaluated subsequent events through March 31, 2020, the date at which the financial statements were available for issuance, and has determined that there are no subsequent events requiring disclosure, except for the amendment to the revolving line-of-credit referenced in Note D.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

Teachers Legacy Plan of TCRS	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.006216%	0.004206%	0.003802%	0.006707%	0.002609%
Proportionate share of the of the net pension liability (asset)	$ (1,010)	$ 1,722	$ 23,762	$ (2,195)	$ (9,181)
Covered payroll	$ 171,106	$ 157,441	$ 137,261	$ 237,102	$ 91,360
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-0.59%	1.09%	17.31%	-0.92%	-10.05%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.08%	99.81%	97.14%	100.14%	101.49%

Teachers Retirement Plan of TCRS	2015 (1)	2016	2017	2018	2019
Measurement date		June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.182686%	0.153003%	0.169820%	0.152631%
Proportionate share of the of the net pension liability (asset)		$ (7,349)	$ (15,928)	$ (44,805)	$ (69,224)
Covered payroll		$ 379,573	$ 673,230	$ 1,114,589	$ 1,333,826
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		-1.94%	-2.37%	-4.02%	-5.19%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		127.46%	121.88%	126.81%	126.97%

The amounts presented in this schedule were determined as of the measurement date.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

(1) Information is not applicable for 2015 in this schedule for the Teachers Retirement Plan of TCRS as the measurement date was June 30, 2014, and the Teachers Retirement Plan did not commence until July 1, 2014.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

Metro Plan	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.03255%	0.0338%	0.0679%	0.0912%	0.1126%
Proportionate share of the of the net pension liability (asset)	$ 22,428	$ 74,848	$ 27,791	$ 55,450	$ 137,989
Covered payroll	$ 170,045	$ 186,821	$ 406,256	$ 570,089	$ 704,951
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	13.19%	40.06%	6.84%	9.73%	19.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.57%	92.39%	98.64%	97.45%	96.37%

The amounts presented in this schedule were determined as of the measurement date.

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

See independent auditor's report.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30,

Teachers Legacy Pension Plan of TCRS	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarial Determined Contributions (ADC)	$ 21,703	$ 14,233	$ 12,408	$ 21,434	$ 8,296	$ 11,558
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	21,703	14,233	12,408	21,434	8,296	11,558
Contribution defiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 246,142	$ 157,445	$ 137,257	$ 237,102	$ 91,360	$ 110,497
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.88%	9.04%	9.04%	9.04%	9.08%	10.46%

Teachers Retirement Plan of TCRS	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarial Determined Contributions (ADC)	N/A	$ 9,489	$ 16,852	$ 44,584	$ 21,751	$ 35,309
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		15,183	26,929	44,584	$ 53,353	$ 35,309
Contribution defiency (excess)		$ (5,694)	$ (10,077)	$ -	$ (31,602)	$ -
Covered payroll		$ 379,575	$ 673,230	$ 1,114,589	$ 1,333,825	$ 1,820,052
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	1.94%

Metro Plan	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Actuarial Determined Contributions (ADC)	$ 12,527	$ 30,586	$ 28,976	$ 50,132	$ 70,349	$ 86,991
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	12,527	30,586	28,976	50,132	70,349	86,991
Contribution defiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 73,185	$ 170,045	$ 186,821	$ 406,256	$ 570,089	$ 704,951
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.117%	17.987%	15.510%	12.340%	12.340%	12.340%

This is a 10-year schedule. However, the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retroactively. Years will be added to this schedule in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

Changes of assumptions. In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions.

OTHER INFORMATION

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Program Name/Grantor	CFDA Number	Contract Number	Expenditures
Federal Awards			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through Tennessee Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	$ 158,288
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	66,019
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			224,307
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			224,307
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through Tennessee Department of Education and Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools			
Title I, Part A Cluster			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	102,951
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	N/A	63,674
Title III Emerging Immigrant Education Program	84.365	N/A	12,786
Title II, Part A Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	N/A	13,311
Total U.S. Department of Education			192,722
Total Federal Awards			417,029
State Financial Assistance			
TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Basic Education Program	N/A	N/A	116,000
Passed through Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools			
Basic Education Program	N/A	N/A	5,898,013
High Quality Charter School Facilities Program Grant	N/A	N/A	100,000
Total State Awards			6,114,013
Total Federal and State Awards			$ 6,531,042

Note 1: The schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity and is presented in accordance with the requirements of Uniform Guidance and the State of Tennessee. The schedule is prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

Note 2: The School passed-through $-0- to subrecipients for the year ended June 30, 2019.

See independent auditor's report.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT BY INDIVIDUAL ISSUE
JUNE 30, 2019

Description of Indebtedness	Original Amount of Issue	Interest Rate	Date of Issue	Last Maturity Date	Outstanding 7/1/2018	Issued During Period	Paid and/or Matured During Period	Forgiven During Period	Outstanding 6/30/2019
Governmental Activities:									
NOTES PAYABLE									
Payable through General Purpose School Fund									
Note Payable through James Stephen Turner Family Foundation, Inc.	$ 100,000	3.00%	07/01/2015	07/01/2020	$ 41,810	$ -	$ 18,850	$ -	$ 22,960
Note Payable through CapStar Bank	225,000	5.75%	03/18/2013	08/24/2020	90,367	-	90,367	-	-
Note Payable through CapStar Bank	260,426	4.50%	02/01/2016	03/01/2023	185,350	-	35,856	-	149,494
Note Payable through CapStar Bank	362,745	4.50%	02/24/2016	03/24/2023	273,573	-	53,220	-	220,353
Note Payable through CapStar Bank	130,000	5.25%	05/14/2018	05/10/2025	5,983	108,739	10,419	-	104,303
Total Notes Payable					$ 597,083	$ 108,739	$ 208,712	$ -	$ 497,110

See independent auditor's report.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2019

	Restricted Contributions Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 120,000	$ 120,000
Total assets	$ 120,000	$ 120,000
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted	120,000	120,000
Total fund balances	$ 120,000	$ 120,000

See independent auditor's report.

INTREPID COLLEGE PREP
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Restricted Contribution Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES		
Contributions	$ 285,000	$ 285,000
Total revenues	285,000	285,000
EXPENDITURES		
Employee compensation	165,000	165,000
Total expenditures	165,000	165,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	120,000	120,000
FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2018	-	-
FUND BALANCES, June 30, 2019	$ 120,000	$ 120,000

See independent auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors
Intrepid College Prep
Nashville, Tennessee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate fund information of Intrepid College Prep (the "School"), as of and for the period ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that were not identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under G*overnment Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crosslin, PLLC

Nashville, Tennessee
March 31, 2020

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

No prior audit findings.